

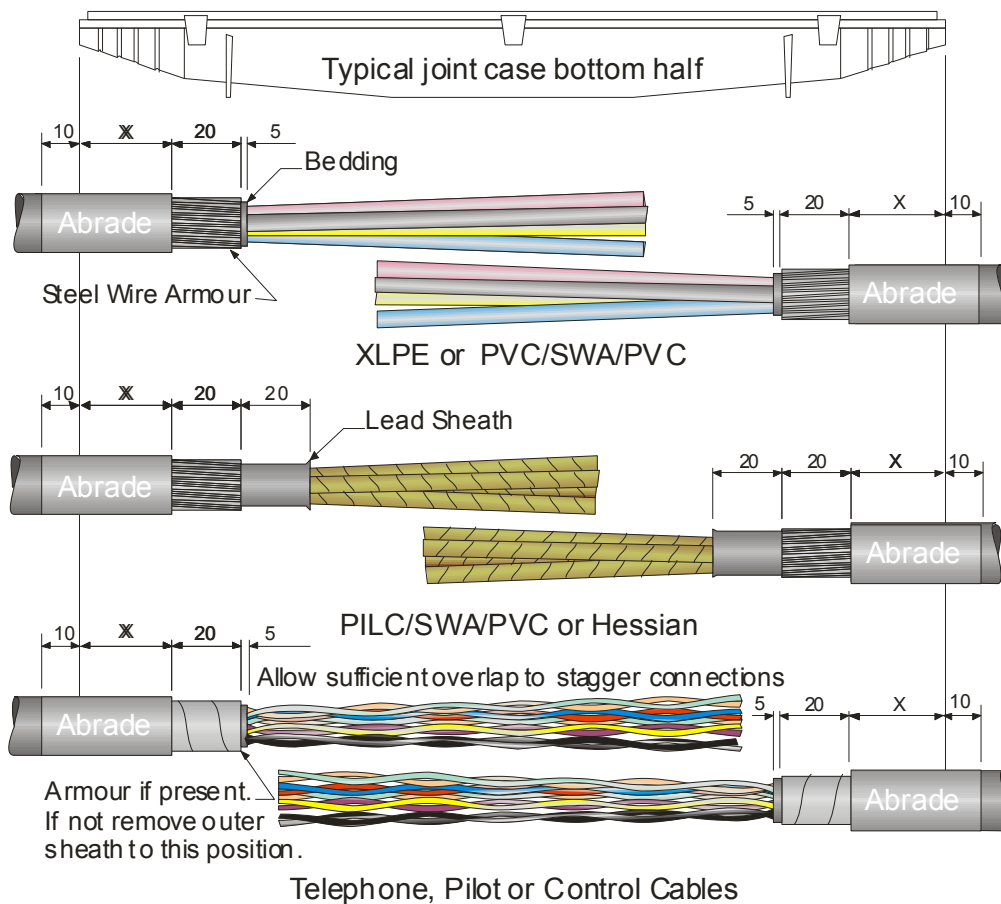
**Jointing Instructions for LV cables of types:-
PVC(XLPE)/SWA/PVC; PILC/SWA;
Telephone; Pilot; Control
CTL Cable Joints CM0 – CM5, CB1 & CB2**

Important Notes

- *These instructions are relevant for a range of different Low Voltage straight and branch joints including CM0 – CM5, CB1 and CB2 models. They show typical arrangements but the procedures are the same for any variation of joint.*
- *Instructions assume that cables are de-energised.*
- *Instructions are for guidance only, and subject to standard jointing procedures which should always be followed.*
- *Dispose of all waste materials and packaging safely; clear accidental spillage immediately*
- *Do not use in a confined, unventilated area; avoid breathing the resin curing vapours.*
- *Wear protective gloves provided at all times when handling cold pour resins.*
- *Avoid contact with skin and eyes. In case of accidental contact treat the area with copious quantities of water. Full Health & Safety information is available upon request.*
- *Smoking should be prohibited.*

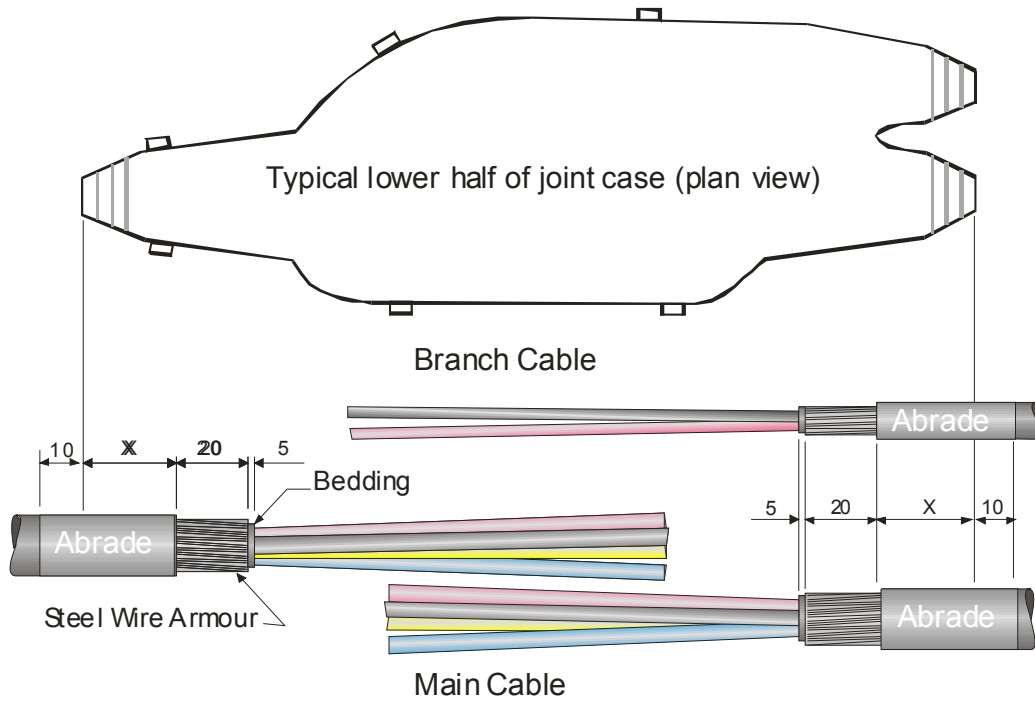
1. Straight Joints

Stripping Dimensions



<i>Cable Size mm²</i>	<i>Dimension 'X' mm</i>
1.5 - 25	25
35 - 120	35
150 - 185	40
Telephone/Pilot/Control	25

2. 2. Branch Joints Stripping Dimensions



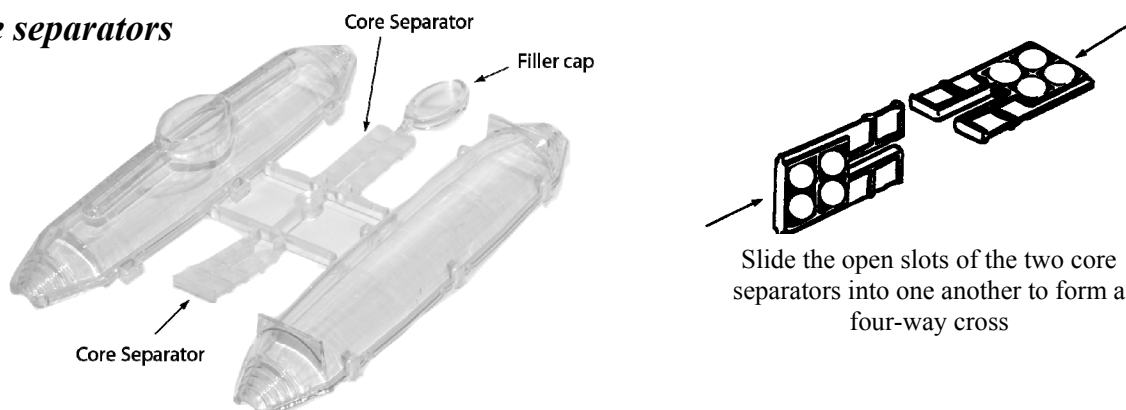
Main Cable Size mm ²	Dimension 'X' mm
1.5 - 25	25
35	40

NB. The above joint may be constructed without cutting through the mains cable (“uncut main”) using the appropriate connectors. In this case remove the outer sheath, armours and bedding to the above dimensions. Both the service branch and mains cables may be 2, 3 or 4 core.

3. Transition Joints

When jointing two different cable types, for example XLPE to PILC refer to the stripping dimensions for the straight joints and prepare them accordingly.

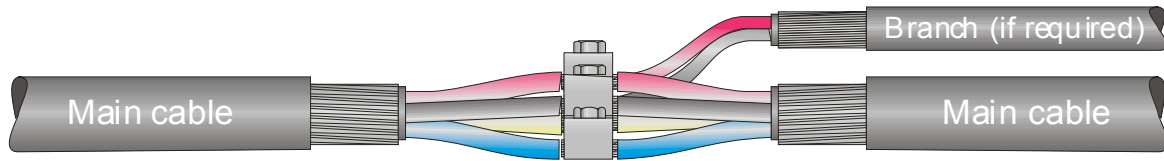
Core separators



Shell sizes CM0, CM1, CM2, CM3, CB1 and CB2 have plastic core separators and a filler cap included in the plastic parts of the shells. Break them away and use as a cross to separate the core connectors. The cross is formed as illustrated above. The filler cap should be used to close the mould after resin has been poured. Shell sizes CM4 and CM5 handle larger cables where core separators are not required.

Jointing the Cables

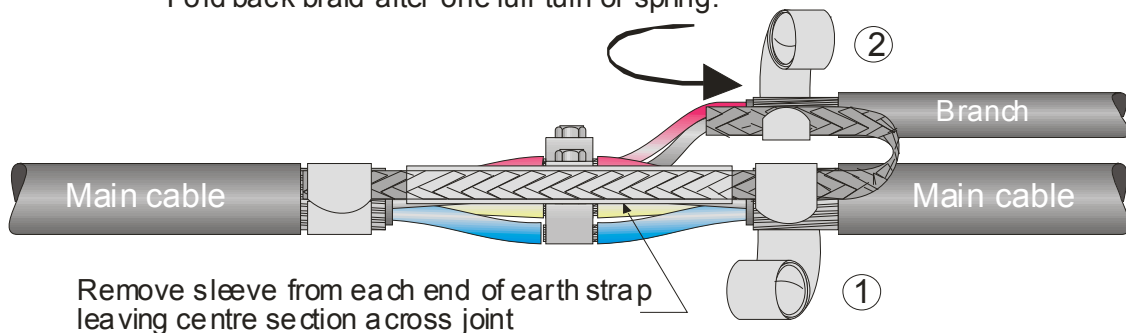
Clean and decrease the armours and lead sheath (if present) and abrade the outer sheath from the armours to a distance of 10mm outside the joint case. When jointing the cables use the connectors (if provided) or other approved types. For power cables use phase separators (if supplied) in the vicinity of the connectors and in any event ensure approx. 10 mm separation between connectors. A typical connection for a branch joint is shown below using mechanical connectors.



Ensure that the connectors are separated by approx. 10mm.

Applying the Earth Lead across the XLPE/SWA/PVC Joints

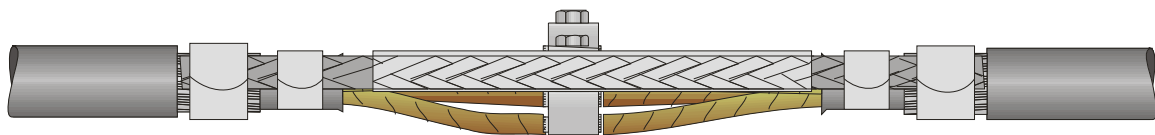
Fold back braid after one full turn of spring.



Remove sleeve from each end of earth strap leaving centre section a cross joint

Remove the insulation from each end of the earth strap as shown. Attach the braid to the main cable armours using constant force spring 1. When attaching the ends of the braid allow the braid to extend beyond the spring and after applying one full turn fold the braid back over the spring, 2, as shown. Cut off any excess. For straight joints simply use spring 1 on each side of the joint.

Applying the Earth Lead across the PILC/SWA Joints

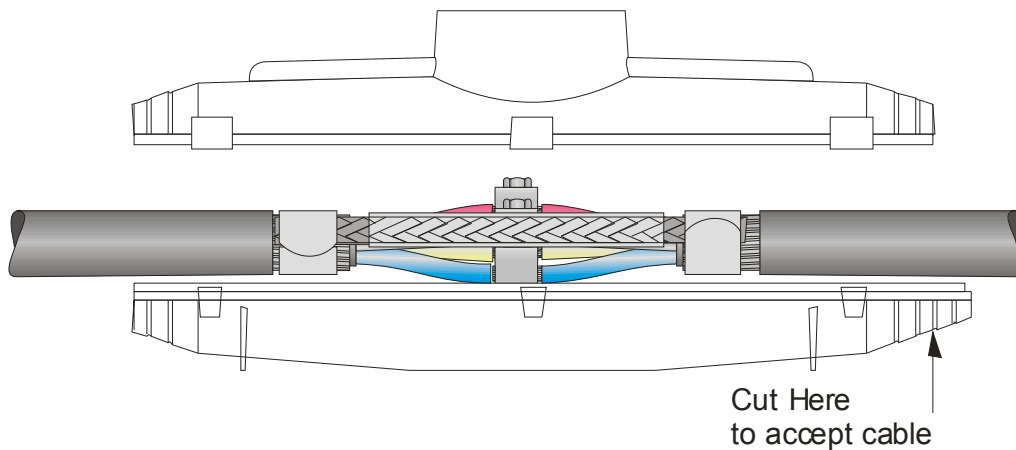


Apply the braid as shown using the smaller springs on the lead. Fold either end of the braid back on itself as shown in the drawing above and cut off any excess. If a branch cable is present connect the braid to this cable as described above.

Completing the Joint

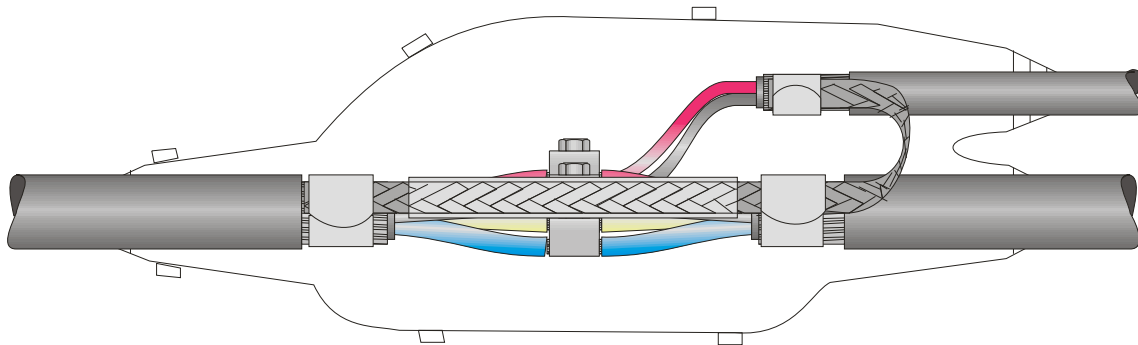
After making the earth braid connections place a half of the joint case around the joint positioning centrally. Cut the ends of the case to suit the cables using a hacksaw. Make sure that the connectors are at least 10mm apart.

a) Straight Joint



Now place the two joint halves around the joint and snap together.

b) Branch Joint



General Instruction

Use PVC tape at the cable entry points to seal the joint case. Mix the resin as instructed on the resin pack and pour into the joint case until the case is completely full. Finally fit the lid to the filler hole.

Ensure cable joint is level and both cables and joint are supported independently.

For applications up to 1000 volts, the joints may be filled under load conditions. The completed joint should be left uncovered before back-filling for two hours to allow the resin to fully cure. Ensure that there is no movement of the cable cores during curing of the resin.



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